Date: 07/01/2024 Policy #4230

I. Purpose:

A. To provide guidance to field providers related to best practice when encountering an EMS patient where language may be a barrier to assessment and care

II. Authority:

- A. California Health and Safety Code Division 2.5: Emergency Medical Services 1797
- B. California Code of Regulations, Title 22 Division 9, Sections 100144, 100146, 100147, 10069

III. Policy:

- A. Dispatch notification of Language Barrier Patient and their primary language
- B. Supervisor prepare plan for interpretive services
 - 1. If the EMS provider is fluent in the patient's primary language per agency's approval process, provider can proceed with normal assessment and care using EMS provider as translator.
 - 2. If the patient is critical, do not delay transport or care waiting for interpretive tool.
 - 3. If the patient is not demonstrating extremis, employ the following interpretive option hierarchy:
 - a) Approved translation service or tool
 - b) Fluent family member (adult preferred)
 - c) Fluent bystander
 - d) Non-fluent provider
- C. On-scene delay acceptable in order to obtain adequate interpretation for the following patients:
 - 1. Patient signing out against medical advice
 - 2. Assault or abuse
 - 3. Psychiatric complaints

APPROVED:

SIGNATURE ON FILE – DATE

Katherine Staats, M.D., FACEP

EMS Medical Director